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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/779,908 02/17/2004 9006 James Thomas Kenny **EXAMINER** 7590 08/09/2005 Larry E. Kekempanos LAYNO, BENJAMIN 10444 S. Keating Avenue PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT Oak Lawn, IL 60453 3711

DATE MAILED: 08/09/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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-		Applica	ition No.	Applicant(s)	-
Office Action Summary		10/779,	,908	KENNY ET AL.	
		Examin	er	Art Unit	
			in H. Layno	3711	
The Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this commun	ication appears on t	he cover sheet wit	h the correspondence add	ress
THE MAILII  - Extensions of after SIX (6) I  - If the period f  - Failure to rep Any reply rec	NED STATUTORY PERIOD FING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI  I time may be available under the provisions wonder. When the mailing date of this common reply specified above is less than thirty (3 for reply is specified above, the maximum startly within the set or extended period for reply eived by the Office later than three months at term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no enunication. iii) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the a	event, however, may a re tatutory minimum of thirty will expire SIX (6) MONT application to become ABA	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  (HS from the mailing date of this con  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.
Status					·
1) Resp	onsive to communication(s) file	ed on			
		2b)⊠ This action is	non-final.		
3)☐ Since	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
close	d in accordance with the practi	ce under <i>Ex par</i> te (	<i>⊋uayl</i> e, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of	Claims				
4)⊠ Claim	n(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the a	application.			
4a) O	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5)☐ Claim	n(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim	n(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.			•	
7) Claim	n(s) is/are objected to.			•	
8) Claim	n(s) are subject to restric	ction and/or election	requirement.		
Application Pa	pers				
9)☐ The si	pecification is objected to by the	e Examiner.			
	rawing(s) filed on is/are:		b) objected to b	ov the Examiner.	
	ant may not request that any object		-		
	cement drawing sheet(s) including	<del>-</del> · ·	·	• •	R 1.121(d).
	ath or declaration is objected to	•	_ ·	•	, ,
Driority under	35 U.S.C. § 119	-			
<u> </u>	_				
	wledgment is made of a claim b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	for foreign priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1.	Certified copies of the priority	documents have be	en received.		
2.	Certified copies of the priority	documents have be	en received in Ap	oplication No	
3.	Copies of the certified copies	of the priority docur	nents have been r	received in this National S	Stage
	application from the Internatio	•	,		
* See the	e attached detailed Office actio	n for a list of the ce	rtified copies not r	eceived.	
Attachment(s)	forences Cited (PTO 902)		4) 🗍 1-4	(PTO 442)	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)				ummary (PTO-413) /Mail Date	
3) 🔲 Information [	Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or	•	5) D Notice of Inf	formal Patent Application (PTO-	152)
Paper No(s)/	Mail Date		6)	<b>_</b> ·	

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 7, 8 and 10-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lombardo et al. in view of Webb.

The patent to Lombardo discloses a method of playing a poker game comprising a standard deck of 52 playing cards. To play Lombardo's game a player places a first wager (ante) 24 against a dealer. Three cards 18, 20, 22 are dealt to the player, and three cards are dealt to the dealer. The player folding his hand and forfeiting his wager if the player does not wish to play, col. 3,lines 20-22. The player proceeding to play the game against the dealer by playing a support wager 34 in support of the first wager. The game ends if the dealer fails to achieve a qualifying hand (queen high), col. 3, line 66 to col. 4, line 1. The player's best two card poker hand is then compared against the dealer's best two card poker hand to determined the relative ranking, col. 3, lines 25-29. Dealer pays the player if the player's hand outranks the dealer's hand, and the dealer takes the player's wagers if the dealer's hand outranks the player's hand, col. 4, lines 6-9. If the player decides to continue to play the game (2<sup>nd</sup> round), it is inherent that the player place a second wager (ante) against the dealer, and a 2<sup>nd</sup> round of the game is played repeating the steps above.

In regard to claims 3-5, it is known in the poker art to use more than one card deck to play poker. In view of such teaching, it would have been obvious to use a plurality of cards decks in Lombardo's poker game in order to prevent cheating (counting cards, marking cards, etc.). Furthermore, determining when to shuffle the cards (e.g. before every round, before every two rounds, before every three rounds,

etc.) is simply a casino business decision, which is always obvious in the art.

The patent to Webb discloses a method of playing a poker game wherein each player and the dealer are each dealt a hand of three cards. Webb teaches that it is known in the poker art to allow a player to place a wager against a dealer's hand (Ante wager), and allowing the player to place a separate voluntary wager against a predetermined pay scale (Pair Plus). In view of such teaching, it would have been obvious to modify Lombardo's game by allowing a player to also place a separate voluntary wager against a predetermined pay scale. This modification would have given players, especially players that lose to the dealer, a second chance at winning a payout. Thus making Lombardo's game more exciting to play.

Webb also teaches that it is well known in the poker art to include jokers in the deck of cards, col. 3, lines 36-39. In view of such teaching, it would have been obvious to include jokers to Lombardo's deck of cards. Determining exactly how many joker to include is simply a casino business decision, which is always obvious in the art.

In regard to claims 7 and 11, Webb teaches that it is known in the poker art to include a progressive jackpot side wager for achieving certain hands (e.g. Royal Flush), col. 7, lines 44-50. In one embodiment, Webb a winning jackpot hand may be a player's

hand combined with the dealer's hand, col. 7, lines 51-55. Thus, the player progressive jackpot side wager is a bet on the value of the dealer's hand. In view of such teaching, it would have been obvious to modify Lombardo's game by allowing a player to also place a progressive jackpot side wager for achieving certain hands. The certain hands would have included a combined hand of the player's hand and the dealer's hand. This modification would provided larger payoff amounts, thus making Lombardo's game more exciting to play.

Concerning claim 8, Webb teaches that it is known in the poker game art where live poker is played on a table, to provide an electronic version of the poker game, col. 8, lines 53-57. In view of such teaching, it would have been obvious to provide an electronic version of Lombardo's poker game. This modification would have made Lombardo's poker game more attractive to players who are intimidated playing poker on a table.

3. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lombardo et al. in view of Webb as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Hesse et al.

The patent to Hesse et al. teaches that it is common in card games to provide a "bad beat" wager, col. 6, lines 7-15. In view of such teaching, it would have been obvious to provide a "bad beat" wager to Lombardo's game. This modification to Lombardo's game would have given players, that lose to the dealer, but have very good hands, to win a jackpot. Thus, giving players a second opportunity at winning.

4. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lombardo in view of Webb as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Hedman.

Application/Control Number: 10/779,908 Page 5

Art Unit: 3711

The patent to Hedman discloses a poker game played between players and a dealer, wherein a player's hand is compared to a dealer's hand. According to the rules, before a player's hand is compared to the dealer's hand, the player's hand must qualify (must have a pair of better) to continue play, col. 7, lines 31-34. In view of such teaching, it would have been obvious to provide a rule to Lombardo's game requiring players' hands to qualify in order to continue play. This modification would have increased the house advantage, thereby increasing profits.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 6. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, paragraph s., the recitation "the second part of the game" is indefinite and lacks antecedent basis.

In claim 14, the recitation "the Play bet" and "the Ante bet" are both indefinite and lack antecedent basis.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Benjamin H. Layno whose telephone number is (571) 272-4424. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 1st Friday Off.

**Art Unit: 3711** 

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Vidovich can be reached on (571)272-4415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Benjamin H. Layro Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3711

bhl